Let's Chat About Thinking: How to Prepare for a Memory Evaluation (cheat sheet)

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The purpose of a memory consultation is not to judge, label, or take away your independence.

Normal Cognition

Mild Cognitive Impairment

My brain has some cognitive change, but compensates and can survive on its own

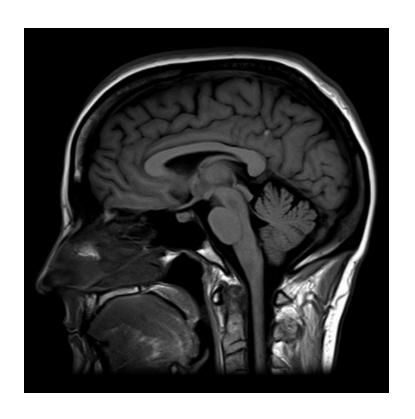
DEMENTIA

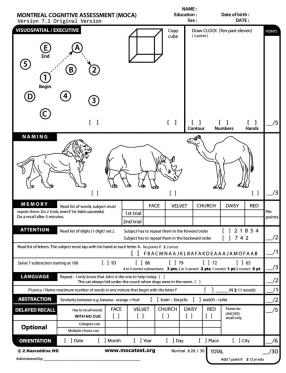
My brain needs
help surviving independently
(bills, medication
management, nutrition
management)

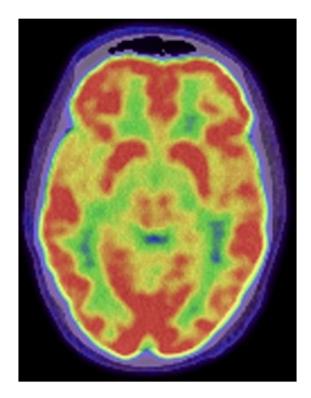
It is an opportunity to better understand your brain health, assess your risks for the future, and give you power to understand how to be healthier.



Doctors can use various tools to figure out if the cognitive change you are experiencing is the first sign of dementia, or if it is a non-dementia problem.









(1) Specific dementias can be associated with prototypic symptoms or patterns. So, prepare your observations, bring notes if helpful. The first (and most important) diagnostic step is hearing your story.

- Alzheimer's Disease

- Repetition of stories
- Unawareness of symptoms
- Normal social cues
- Slow and progressive over decade

Vascular Disease

- Obstructions in blood flow, stroke
- Attention impairments, good days/bad days
- Gait abnormalities, falling

Lewy Body Disease

- Visual hallucinations
- Fluctuating attention and alertness
- Parkinsonian features
- Sleep disturbances, dream enactment

Frontotemporal Disease

- Impulsive and obsessive behaviors
- Loss of empathy or apathy
- Not knowing what is right or wrong



(1) There are other symptoms that may relate to your memory change that are important for the doctor to know about:

We may ask about these specific functions:

- sleep health, sleep apnea, napping
- nutritional health, vitamins, eating patterns, weight loss
- physical health, tremor, falling, slowing down
- hobbies and social patterns, any withdrawal or isolation
- head injuries or concussions
- family history of dementia adds to risk discussion
- mood and behavioral changes, hallucinations, emotions

We also want to assess for safety. This can be a sensitive topic, so please share this information with respect.

Instrumental Activities of Daily Living:

paying bills on time? taking medications correctly? driving? making meals?



(2) Next, we combine the history (the story of your symptoms) with cognitive testing. This gives us a pattern.

This is called a MOCA, other times we use MMSE, SLUMS, Mini-mental tests.

Date of birth: MONTREAL COGNITIVE ASSESSMENT (MOCA) Education: DATE: Version 7.1 Original Version VISUOSPATIAL / EXECUTIVE Draw CLOCK (Ten past eleven) Copy cube End (5) (C)[] [] NAMING FACE CHURCH VELVET DAISY RED Read list of words, subject must repeat them. Do 2 trials, even if 1st trial is successful 1st trial Do a recall after 5 minutes. [] 2 1 8 5 4 Read list of digits (1 digit/ sec.). Subject has to repeat them in the forward order Subject has to repeat them in the backward order Read list of letters. The subject must tap with his hand at each letter A. No points if ≥ 2 errors [] FBACMNAAJKLBAFAKDEAAAJAMOFAAB Serial 7 subtraction starting at 100 4 or 5 correct subtractions: 3 pts, 2 or 3 correct: 2 pts, 1 correct: 1 pt, 0 correct: 0 pt LANGUAGE Repeat: I only know that John is the one to help today. [] The cat always hid under the couch when dogs were in the room. I Fluency / Name maximum number of words in one minute that begin with the letter F (N ≥ 11 words) **ABSTRACTION**] train - bicycle watch - ruler Similarity between e.g. banana - orange = fruit DELAYED RECALL VELVET CHURCH DAISY RED Has to recall words UNCUED WITH NO CUE [] Category cue Optional Multiple choice cue **ORIENTATION** [] Date [] Year [] Day [] Place [] City © Z.Nasreddine MD www.mocatest.org Administered by: Add 1 point if ≤ 12 yr edu

NAME:



(2) Practicing questions for a MOCA will not help, but here are ways to do your best:

- 1. Get a good night rest and make it to your appointment early, stress free. Prepare early.
- 2. Drink a lot of water and have breakfast (maybe bring a snack)
- 3. Remember that this is not a life-changing test
 - MOCA scores fluctuate often, and they are not the only piece of data
 - Sleep deprivation and anxiety are the most reasons to "fail" a MOCA
- 4. Take your time while you complete it and ask questions
 - Most of the time the MOCA is not timed (there is one question that is)

(3) We then take all the data, including imaging, and put together a timeline and likely diagnosis. We have specific biomarkers as needed.



It is very difficult to get a specific dementia diagnosis without brain biopsy, so many times, "time" is our best indicator of a neurodegenerative disease.



1-2-3 WAYS YOU COULD HELP ME:

As you wait for the neurology appointment, please ask your primary care physician to start with some of the preliminary work-up:

- MRI Brain non contrast
 - or CT Head without contrast if over age 85
- Basic Screening Labs: CBC, CMP, TSH, Vit D, Vit B12
- Neuropsychology Testing with specific neuropsychologists or speech therapists. This is a longer (and more accurate) cognitive screening tool
- □ Take care of your brain, most of the time it is not an emergency. If it is, maybe a visit to urgent care or emergency room might be a better fit.

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